Linear Algebra

Course Description:

This course is designed to bridge the gap between high school and college algebra, providing students with a robust foundation in algebra and an introduction to linear algebra. The curriculum covers essential topics to prepare students for advanced studies in mathematics, engineering, computer science, and related fields. Through a combination of theoretical concepts and practical applications, students will gain a deep understanding of algebraic structures and linear systems.

Course outline:

1. Preliminaries

- *Review of basic algebraic operations*
- Polynomials and factoring
- Rational expressions and equations
- Exponential and logarithmic functions

2. Vectors and Vector Spaces

- Introduction to vectors
- Operations with vectors (addition, scalar multiplication)
- Dot product and cross product
- Vector spaces and subspaces
- Basis and dimension

3. Matrices and Matrix Operations

- Definition and types of matrices
- Matrix addition, subtraction, and multiplication
- Determinants and inverses
- Special matrices (identity, diagonal, symmetric, etc.)

4. Systems of Linear Equations

- *Representation of linear systems*
- Gaussian elimination and row reduction
- Homogeneous and non-homogeneous systems
- Applications of linear systems in real-world problems

5. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors

- Definition and properties
- Characteristic equation
- Diagonalization of matrices
- Applications of eigenvalues and eigenvectors

6. Orthogonality and Least Squares

- Dot product and orthogonality
- Orthogonal and orthonormal sets
- Projection of vectors
- Least squares approximation and its applications

7. Diagonalization and Quadratic Forms

- Diagonalizable matrices
- Process of diagonalization
- Quadratic forms and their properties
- Classification of quadratic forms

8. Advanced topics

- Linear transformations
- SVD
- PCA
- Jordan canonical form

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of this course, students will:

- 1. Have a solid understanding of foundational algebra concepts.
- 2. Be proficient in performing vector and matrix operations.
- 3. Be able to solve systems of linear equations using various methods.
- 4. Understand the significance of eigenvalues and eigenvectors and their applications.
- 5. Apply concepts of orthogonality and least squares in practical scenarios.
- 6. Recognize and utilize advanced topics such as linear transformations, SVD, PCA, and Jordan canonical form in higher-level mathematics and applied fields.

Assessment Methods:

- 1. Homework assignments
- 2. Quizzes
- 3. Midterm and final exams
- 4. Projects and presentations on advanced topics
- 5. Participation in class discussions and problem-solving sessions

Instructional Methods:

- 1. Lectures and interactive discussions
- 2. Hands-on practice and problem-solving sessions
- 3. Group projects and collaborative learning
- 4. Use of mathematical software for simulations and visualizations